The House Committee on Public Safety and Homeland Security offers the following substitute to HB 512:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to dangerous instrumentalities and practices, so as to change provisions relating to carrying weapons in unauthorized locations; to provide for a short title; to provide for and change definitions; to change provisions relating to carrying a weapon in government buildings, places of worship, and bars; to revise the definition of school safety zones; to change provisions relating to carrying weapons within certain school safety zones and at school functions; to change provisions relating to exemptions for carrying weapons within school safety zones; to allow persons who have had their weapons carry license revoked to be eligible to be license holders under certain circumstances; to remove fingerprinting requirements for renewal licenses; to change provisions relating to weapons carry licenses; to change provisions relating to persons exempt from the provisions of Code Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2; to provide for local boards of education to authorize personnel to carry weapons within school safety zones under certain circumstances; to provide for the offense of unlawfully carrying a weapon into a secure airport area; to change legislative findings and provide for preemption for weapons other than firearms; to amend Code Section 16-12-1 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to contributing to the delinquency, unruliness, or deprivation of a minor, so as to correct a cross-reference; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

20 **PART I** 21 **SECTION 1-1.**

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22 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Safe Carry Protection Act."

23 **SECTION 1-2.**

24 Article 4 of Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to

- 25 dangerous instrumentalities and practices, is amended by revising subsection (d) of Code
- 26 Section 16-11-126, relating to having or carrying handguns, long guns, or other weapons, as
- 27 follows:
- 28 "(d) Any person who is not prohibited by law from possessing a handgun or long gun who
- 29 is eligible for a weapons carry license may transport a handgun or long gun in any private
- 30 passenger motor vehicle; provided, however, that private property owners or persons in
- 31 legal control of <u>private</u> property through a lease, rental agreement, licensing agreement,
- contract, or any other agreement to control access to such <u>private</u> property shall have the
- right to forbid exclude or eject a person who is in possession of a weapon or long gun on
- 34 their <u>private</u> property <u>in accordance with paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code Section</u>
- 35 <u>16-7-21</u>, except as provided in Code Section 16-11-135."

36 **SECTION 1-3.**

- 37 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 16-11-127, relating to carrying
- 38 weapons in unauthorized locations and penalty, as follows:
- 39 "(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 40 (1) 'Bar' means an establishment that is devoted to the serving of alcoholic beverages for
- 41 consumption by guests on the premises and in which the serving of food is only
- 42 incidental to the consumption of those beverages, including, but not limited to, taverns,
- 43 <u>nightclubs, cocktail lounges, and cabarets.</u>
- 44 (2)(1) 'Courthouse' means a building occupied by judicial courts and containing rooms
- in which judicial proceedings are held.
- 46 (3)(2) 'Government building' means:
- 47 (A) The building in which a government entity is housed;
- 48 (B) The building where a government entity meets in its official capacity; provided,
- however, that if such building is not a publicly owned building, such building shall be
- considered a government building for the purposes of this Code section only during the
- 51 time such government entity is meeting at such building; or
- 52 (C) The portion of any building that is not a publicly owned building that is occupied
- by a government entity.
- 54 (4)(3) 'Government entity' means an office, agency, authority, department, commission,
- board, body, division, instrumentality, or institution of the state or any county, municipal
- 56 corporation, consolidated government, or local board of education within this state.
- 57 (5)(4) 'Parking facility' means real property owned or leased by a government entity,
- courthouse, jail, or prison, place of worship, or bar that has been designated by such

59 government entity, courthouse, jail, or prison, place of worship, or bar for the parking of

- motor vehicles at a government building, or at such courthouse, jail, or prison, place of
- 61 worship, or bar.
- 62 (b) Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e) of this Code section, a A person shall be
- guilty of carrying a weapon or long gun in an unauthorized location and punished as for a
- misdemeanor when he or she carries a weapon or long gun while:
- 65 (1) In a government building;
- 66 (2) In a courthouse;
- 67 (3) In a jail or prison;
- 68 (4) In a place of worship;
- 69 (5)(4) In a state mental health facility as defined in Code Section 37-1-1 which admits
- individuals on an involuntary basis for treatment of mental illness, developmental
- disability, or addictive disease; provided, however, that carrying a weapon or long gun
- in such location in a manner in compliance with paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of this
- 73 Code section shall not constitute a violation of this subsection;
- 74 (6) In a bar, unless the owner of the bar permits the carrying of weapons or long guns by
- 75 license holders;
- 76 $\frac{7}{(5)}$ On the premises of a nuclear power facility, except as provided in Code Section
- 77 16-11-127.2, and the punishment provisions of Code Section 16-11-127.2 shall supersede
- the punishment provisions of this Code section; or
- 79 (8)(6) Within 150 feet of any polling place, except as provided in subsection (i) of Code
- 80 Section 21-2-413.
- 81 (c) Except as provided in Code Section 16-11-127.1, a license holder or person recognized
- under subsection (e) of Code Section 16-11-126 shall be authorized to carry a weapon as
- provided in Code Section 16-11-135 and in every location in this state not listed in
- subsection (b) or (e) of this Code section; provided, however, that private property owners
- or persons in legal control of <u>private</u> property through a lease, rental agreement, licensing
- agreement, contract, or any other agreement to control access to such <u>private</u> property shall
- have the right to forbid exclude or eject a person who is in possession of a weapon or long
- gun on their <u>private</u> property <u>in accordance with paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code</u>
- 89 <u>Section 16-7-21</u>, except as provided in Code Section 16-11-135. A violation of
- 90 subsection (b) of this Code section shall not create or give rise to a civil action for
- 91 damages.
- 92 (d) Subsection (b) of this Code section shall not apply:
- 93 (1) To the use of weapons or long guns as exhibits in a legal proceeding, provided such
- weapons or long guns are secured and handled as directed by the personnel providing
- courtroom security or the judge hearing the case;

(2) To a license holder who approaches security or management personnel upon arrival at a location described in subsection (b) of this Code section and notifies such security or management personnel of the presence of the weapon or long gun and explicitly follows the security or management personnel's direction for removing, securing, storing, or temporarily surrendering such weapon or long gun; and

- (3) To a weapon or long gun possessed by a license holder which is under the possessor's control in a motor vehicle or is in a locked compartment of a motor vehicle or one which is in a locked container in or a locked firearms rack which is on a motor vehicle and such vehicle is parked in a parking facility.
- (e) A license holder shall be authorized to carry a weapon in a government building or courthouse where ingress into such building or courthouse is not restricted or screened by security personnel during the hours the government building or courthouse is open for business. A person who is not a license holder and who attempts to enter a government building or courthouse with a weapon shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. A person who enters or attempts to enter a government building or courthouse where ingress is restricted or screened by security personnel shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; provided, however, that a person who exits such building or courthouse or leaves such location upon his or her observation that such building or courthouse has security personnel restricting or screening ingress into such building or courthouse shall not be guilty of violating this subsection."

115 **SECTION 1-4.**

- Said article is further amended by revising subsection (a), paragraph (1) of subsection (b),
- and subsections (c) through (f) of Code Section 16-11-127.1, relating to carrying weapons
- within school safety zones, at school functions, or on school property, as follows:
- 119 "(a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Bus or other transportation furnished by a school' means a bus or other transportation
- furnished by a public or private elementary or secondary school.
- 122 (2) 'School function' means a school function or related activity that occurs outside of a
- school safety zone and is for a public or private elementary or secondary school.
- 124 (1)(3) 'School safety zone' means in or on any real property or building owned by or
- leased to:

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- 126 (A) Any any public or private elementary school, secondary school, or school local
- board of education and used for elementary or secondary education; and in or on the
- campus of any
- (B) Any public or private technical school, vocational school, college, university, or
- other institution of postsecondary education.

(2)(4) 'Weapon' means and includes any pistol, revolver, or any weapon designed or intended to propel a missile of any kind, or any dirk, bowie knife, switchblade knife, ballistic knife, any other knife having a blade of two or more inches, straight-edge razor, razor blade, spring stick, knuckles, whether made from metal, thermoplastic, wood, or other similar material, blackjack, any bat, club, or other bludgeon-type weapon, or any flailing instrument consisting of two or more rigid parts connected in such a manner as to allow them to swing freely, which may be known as a nun chahka, nun chuck, nunchaku, shuriken, or fighting chain, or any disc, of whatever configuration, having at least two points or pointed blades which is designed to be thrown or propelled and which may be known as a throwing star or oriental dart, or any weapon of like kind, and any stun gun or taser as defined in subsection (a) of Code Section 16-11-106. This paragraph excludes any of these instruments used for classroom work authorized by the teacher. (b)(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, it shall be unlawful for any person to carry to or to possess or have under such person's control while within a school safety zone or at a school building, school function, or school property or on a bus or other transportation furnished by the a school any weapon or explosive compound, other than fireworks the possession of which is regulated by Chapter 10 of Title 25."

- 149 "(c) The provisions of this Code section shall not apply to:
- 150 (1) Baseball bats, hockey sticks, or other sports equipment possessed by competitors for
- legitimate athletic purposes;

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- 152 (2) Participants in organized sport shooting events or firearm training courses;
- (3) Persons participating in military training programs conducted by or on behalf of the
 armed forces of the United States or the Georgia Department of Defense;
- 155 (4) Persons participating in law enforcement training conducted by a police academy 156 certified by the Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Council or by a law
- enforcement agency of the state or the United States or any political subdivision thereof;
- 158 (5) The following persons, when acting in the performance of their official duties or when en route to or from their official duties:
- 160 (A) A peace officer as defined by Code Section 35-8-2;
- (B) A law enforcement officer of the United States government;
- 162 (C) A prosecuting attorney of this state or of the United States;
- (D) An employee of the Georgia Department of Corrections or a correctional facility
- operated by a political subdivision of this state or the United States who is authorized
- by the head of such correctional agency or facility to carry a firearm;
- 166 (E) A person employed as a campus police officer or school security officer who is
- authorized to carry a weapon in accordance with Chapter 8 of Title 20; and

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(F) Medical examiners, coroners, and their investigators who are employed by the state or any political subdivision thereof;

- (6) A person who has been authorized in writing by a duly authorized official of the school a public or private elementary or secondary school or a public or private technical school, vocational school, college, university, or other institution of postsecondary education or a local board of education as provided in Code Section 16-11-130.1 to have in such person's possession or use as part of any activity being conducted at a school building, school property, or within a school safety zone, at a school function, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school a weapon which would otherwise be prohibited by this Code section. Such authorization shall specify the weapon or weapons which have been authorized and the time period during which the authorization is valid; (7) A person who is licensed in accordance with Code Section 16-11-129 or issued a permit pursuant to Code Section 43-38-10, when such person carries or picks up a student at a school building, within a school safety zone, at a school function, or school property or on a bus or other transportation furnished by the a school or a person who is licensed in accordance with Code Section 16-11-129 or issued a permit pursuant to Code Section 43-38-10 when he or she has any weapon legally kept within a vehicle when such vehicle is parked at such school property within a school safety zone or is in transit through a designated school safety zone;
- (8) A weapon possessed by a license holder which is under the possessor's control in a motor vehicle or which is in a locked compartment of a motor vehicle or one which is in a locked container in or a locked firearms rack which is on a motor vehicle which is being used by an adult over 21 years of age to bring to or pick up a student at a school building, within a school safety zone, at a school function, or school property or on a bus or other transportation furnished by the a school, or when such vehicle is used to transport someone to an activity being conducted on school property within a school safety zone which has been authorized by a duly authorized official of the school or local board of education as provided by paragraph (6) of this subsection; provided, however, that this exception shall not apply to a student attending such a public or private elementary or secondary school;
- (9) Persons employed in fulfilling defense contracts with the government of the United States or agencies thereof when possession of the weapon is necessary for manufacture, transport, installation, and testing under the requirements of such contract;
 - (10) Those employees of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles when specifically designated and authorized in writing by the members of the State Board of Pardons and Paroles to carry a weapon;

204 (11) The Attorney General and those members of his or her staff whom he or she specifically authorizes in writing to carry a weapon;

- 206 (12) Probation supervisors employed by and under the authority of the Department of
- 207 Corrections pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 8 of Title 42, known as the 'State-wide
- 208 Probation Act,' when specifically designated and authorized in writing by the director of
- the Division of Probation;
- 210 (13) Public safety directors of municipal corporations;
- 211 (14) State and federal trial and appellate judges;
- 212 (15) United States attorneys and assistant United States attorneys;
- 213 (16) Clerks of the superior courts;
- 214 (17) Teachers and other school personnel who are otherwise authorized to possess or
- carry weapons, provided that any such weapon is in a locked compartment of a motor
- vehicle or one which is in a locked container in or a locked firearms rack which is on a
- 217 motor vehicle; or
- 218 (18) Constables of any county of this state; or
- 219 (19) Any license holder when he or she is in or on any real property or building owned
- or leased to any public or private technical school, vocational school, college, university,
- or other institution of postsecondary education; provided, however, that such exception
- shall not apply to such property or buildings used for athletic sporting events or student
- 223 <u>housing, including fraternity and sorority houses.</u>
- (d)(1) This Code section shall not prohibit any person who resides or works in a business
- or is in the ordinary course transacting lawful business or any person who is a visitor of
- such resident located within a school safety zone from carrying, possessing, or having
- under such person's control a weapon within a school safety zone; provided, however,
- 228 that it shall be unlawful for any such person to carry, possess, or have under such person's
- control while at a school building or school function or on school property, a school bus,
- or other transportation furnished by the <u>a</u> school any weapon or explosive compound,
- other than fireworks the possession of which is regulated by Chapter 10 of Title 25.
- 232 (2) Any person who violates this subsection shall be subject to the penalties specified in
- subsection (b) of this Code section.
- 234 (3) This subsection shall not be construed to waive or alter any legal requirement for
- 235 possession of weapons or firearms otherwise required by law.
- (e) It shall be no defense to a prosecution for a violation of this Code section that:
- (1) A public or private elementary or secondary school or a public or private technical
- 238 <u>school, vocational school, college, university, or other institution of postsecondary</u>
- education School was or was not in session at the time of the offense;

(2) The real property was being used for other purposes besides school public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private technical school, vocational school, college, university, or other institution of postsecondary education purposes at the time of the offense; or

(3) The offense took place on a <u>bus or other transportation furnished by a school vehicle</u>.

(f) In a prosecution under this Code section, a map produced or reproduced by any municipal or county agency or department for the purpose of depicting the location and boundaries of the area of the real property of a school board or a private or public elementary or secondary school that is used for school purposes or the area of any campus of any public or private technical school, vocational school, college, university, or other institution of postsecondary education and used for student housing or athletic sporting events, or a true copy of the map, shall, if certified as a true copy by the custodian of the record, be admissible and shall constitute prima-facie evidence of the location and boundaries of the area, if the governing body of the municipality or county has approved the map as an official record of the location and boundaries of the area. A map approved under this Code section may be revised from time to time by the governing body of the municipality or county. The original of every map approved or revised under this subsection or a true copy of such original map shall be filed with the municipality or county and shall be maintained as an official record of the municipality or county. This subsection shall not preclude the prosecution from introducing or relying upon any other evidence or testimony to establish any element of this offense. This subsection shall not preclude the use or admissibility of a map or diagram other than the one which has been approved by the municipality or county."

263 **SECTION 1-5.**

Said article is further amended by revising subsections (b), (c), (d), and (f) of Code Section 16-11-129, relating to license to carry weapons, as follows:

"(b) Licensing exceptions.

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- (1) As used in this subsection, the term:
 - (A) 'Controlled substance' means any drug, substance, or immediate precursor included in the definition of controlled substances in paragraph (4) of Code Section 16-13-21.
- (B) 'Convicted' means a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt by a court of competent jurisdiction or the acceptance of a plea of nolo contendere, irrespective of the pendency or availability of an appeal or an application for collateral relief an adjudication of guilt.

 Such term shall not include an order of discharge and exoneration pursuant to Article

 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42
- 274 <u>3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42</u>.
- (C) 'Dangerous drug' means any drug defined as such in Code Section 16-13-71.

- 276 (2) No weapons carry license shall be issued to:
- (A) Any person under 21 years of age;
- (B) Any person who has been convicted of a felony by a court of this state or any other
- state; by a court of the United States including its territories, possessions, and
- dominions; or by a court of any foreign nation and has not been pardoned for such
- felony by the President of the United States, the State Board of Pardons and Paroles,
- or the person or agency empowered to grant pardons under the constitution or laws of
- such state or nation;
- (C) Any person against whom proceedings are pending for any felony;
- (D) Any person who is a fugitive from justice;
- 286 (E) Any person who is prohibited from possessing or shipping a firearm in interstate
- commerce pursuant to subsections (g) and (n) of 18 U.S.C. Section 922;
- 288 (F) Any person who has been convicted of an offense arising out of the unlawful
- 289 manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance or other dangerous drug;
- 290 (G) Any person who has had his or her weapons carry license revoked pursuant to
- subsection (e) of this Code section within three years of the date of his or her
- 292 <u>application</u>;
- 293 (H) Any person who has been convicted of any of the following:
- (i) Pointing a gun or a pistol at another in violation of Code Section 16-11-102;
- 295 (ii) Carrying a weapon without a weapons carry license in violation of Code Section
- 296 16-11-126; or
- 297 (iii) Carrying a weapon or long gun in an unauthorized location in violation of
- 298 Code Section 16-11-127
- and has not been free of all restraint or supervision in connection therewith and free of
- any other conviction for at least five three years immediately preceding the date of the
- 301 application;
- 302 (I) Any person who has been convicted of any misdemeanor involving the use or
- possession of a controlled substance and has not been free of all restraint or supervision
- in connection therewith or free of:
- 305 (i) A second conviction of any misdemeanor involving the use or possession of a
- 306 controlled substance; or
- 307 (ii) Any conviction under subparagraphs (E) through (G) of this paragraph
- for at least five three years immediately preceding the date of the application; or
- 309 (J) Any person who has been <u>involuntarily</u> hospitalized as an inpatient in any mental
- 310 hospital or alcohol or drug treatment center or adjudicated by a court to be in need of
- 311 <u>involuntary outpatient mental health treatment</u> within the five years immediately
- preceding the application. An applicant's statement that he or she has not been

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involuntarily hospitalized as an inpatient in any mental hospital or alcohol or drug treatment center or adjudicated by a court to be in need of involuntary outpatient mental health treatment within the five years immediately preceding his or her application shall create a rebuttable presumption that he or she has not been so hospitalized or treated; provided, however, that the The judge of the probate court may shall require any an applicant to sign a waiver authorizing any mental hospital or treatment center to inform the judge whether or not the applicant has been involuntarily hospitalized as an inpatient or involuntarily treated as an outpatient in any such facility in the last five years and authorizing the superintendent of such facility to make to the judge a recommendation regarding whether the applicant is a threat to the safety of others and whether a license to carry a weapon should be issued. When such a waiver is required by the judge, the Each applicant shall pay a fee of \$3.00 for reimbursement of the cost of making such a report by the mental health hospital, alcohol or drug treatment center, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities, which the judge shall remit to the hospital, center, or department. Within three days of receiving an application, the judge shall forward a request to the applicable mental health hospital, alcohol or drug or other treatment center, or Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities which shall provide a report of any findings relating to the applicant which may bear on the applicant's eligibility for a weapons carry license or license renewal to the judge by telephone and in writing within 30 days of receiving the request for such information. The judge shall keep any such hospitalization or treatment information confidential. It shall be at the discretion of the judge, considering the circumstances surrounding the hospitalization and the recommendation of the superintendent of the hospital or treatment center where the individual was a patient, to issue the weapons carry license or renewal license.

- (3) If first offender treatment without adjudication of guilt for a conviction contained in subparagraph (F) or (I) of paragraph (2) of this subsection was entered and such sentence was successfully completed and such person has not had any other conviction since the completion of such sentence and for at least five years immediately preceding the date of the application, he or she shall be eligible for a weapons carry license provided that no other license exception applies.
- (c) **Fingerprinting.** Following completion of the application for a weapons carry license or the renewal of a license, the judge of the probate court shall require the applicant to proceed to an appropriate law enforcement agency in the county with the completed application. The appropriate local law enforcement agency in each county shall then so that such agency can capture the fingerprints of the applicant for a weapons carry license or renewal license and place the name of the applicant on the blank license form. The

appropriate local law enforcement agency shall place the fingerprint on a blank license form which has been furnished to the law enforcement agency by the judge of the probate court if a fingerprint is required to be furnished by subsection (f) of this Code section. The law enforcement agency shall be entitled to a fee of \$5.00 from the applicant for its services in connection with the fingerprinting and processing of an application. Fingerprinting shall not be required for applicants seeking temporary renewal licenses or renewal licenses.

(d) Investigation of applicant; issuance of weapons carry license; renewal.

(1) For both weapons carry license applications and requests for license renewals, the judge of the probate court shall within five <u>business</u> days following the receipt of the application or request direct the law enforcement agency to request a fingerprint based criminal history records check from the Georgia Crime Information Center and Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of determining the suitability of the applicant and return an appropriate report to the judge of the probate court. Fingerprints shall be in such form and of such quality as prescribed by the Georgia Crime Information Center and under standards adopted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Georgia Bureau of Investigation may charge such fee as is necessary to cover the cost of the records search.

(2) For both weapons carry license applications and requests for license renewals, the judge of the probate court shall within five <u>business</u> days following the receipt of the application or request also direct the law enforcement agency to conduct a background check using the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Instant Criminal Background Check System and return an appropriate report to the probate judge.

(3) When a person who is not a United States citizen applies for a weapons carry license or renewal of a license under this Code section, the judge of the probate court shall direct the law enforcement agency to conduct a search of the records maintained by United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement and return an appropriate report to the probate judge. As a condition to the issuance of a license or the renewal of a license, an applicant who is in nonimmigrant status shall provide proof of his or her qualifications for an exception to the federal firearm prohibition pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(y). (4) The law enforcement agency shall report to the judge of the probate court within 30 days, by telephone and in writing, of any findings relating to the applicant which may bear on his or her eligibility for a weapons carry license or renewal license under the terms of this Code section. When no derogatory information is found on the applicant bearing on his or her eligibility to obtain a license or renewal license, a report shall not be required. The law enforcement agency shall return the application and the blank license form with the fingerprint thereon directly to the judge of the probate court within such time period. Not later than ten days after the judge of the probate court receives the

report from the law enforcement agency concerning the suitability of the applicant for a license, the judge of the probate court shall issue such applicant a license or renewal license to carry any weapon unless facts establishing ineligibility have been reported or unless the judge determines such applicant has not met all the qualifications, is not of good moral character, or has failed to comply with any of the requirements contained in this Code section. The judge of the probate court shall date stamp the report from the law enforcement agency to show the date on which the report was received by the judge of the probate court."

"(f)(1) Weapons carry license specifications. Weapons carry licenses issued as prescribed in this Code section shall be printed on durable but lightweight card stock, and the completed card shall be laminated in plastic to improve its wearing qualities and to inhibit alterations. Measurements shall be 3 1/4 inches long and 2 1/4 inches wide. Each shall be serially numbered within the county of issuance and shall bear the full name, residential address, birth date, weight, height, color of eyes, and sex of the licensee. The license shall show the date of issuance, the expiration date, and the probate court in which issued and shall be signed by the licensee and bear the signature or facsimile thereof of the judge. The seal of the court shall be placed on the face before the license is laminated. Licenses issued on and before December 31, 2011, shall bear a clear print of the licensee's right index finger; however, if the right index fingerprint cannot be secured for any reason, the print of another finger may be used but such print shall be marked to identify the finger from which the print is taken prior to January 1, 2012, shall be in the format specified by the former provisions of this paragraph as they existed on June 30, 2013.

(2)(A) On and after January 1, 2012, newly issued or renewal weapons carry licenses shall incorporate overt and covert security features which shall be blended with the personal data printed on the license to form a significant barrier to imitation, replication, and duplication. There shall be a minimum of three different ultraviolet colors used to enhance the security of the license incorporating variable data, color shifting characteristics, and front edge only perimeter visibility. The weapons carry license shall have a color photograph viewable under ambient light on both the front and back of the license. The license shall incorporate custom optical variable devices featuring the great seal of the State of Georgia as well as matching demetalized optical variable devices viewable under ambient light from the front and back of the license incorporating microtext and unique alphanumeric serialization specific to the license holder. The license shall be of similar material, size, and thickness of a credit card and have a holographic laminate to secure and protect the license for the duration of the license period.

(B)(3) Using the physical characteristics of the license set forth in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2) of this subsection, The Council of Probate Court Judges of Georgia shall create specifications for the probate courts so that all weapons carry licenses in this state shall be uniform and so that probate courts can petition the Department of Administrative Services to purchase the equipment and supplies necessary for producing such licenses. The department shall follow the competitive bidding procedure set forth in Code Section 50-5-102."

SECTION 1-6.

- 432 Said article is further amended by revising paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Code Section
- 433 16-11-130, relating to exemptions from Code Sections 16-11-126 through 16-11-127.2, as
- 434 follows:

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- 435 "(3) Persons in the military service of the state or of the United States <u>or a person 21</u>
- years of age or younger who has received an honorable discharge from the military
- 437 <u>service of the United States;"</u>

438 **SECTION 1-7.**

- 439 Said article is further amended by adding two new Code sections to read as follows:
- 440 "<u>16-11-130.1.</u>
- 441 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Bus or other transportation furnished by a school' means a bus or other transportation
- furnished by a public or private elementary or secondary school.
- 444 (2) 'School function' means a school function or related activity that occurs outside of a
- school safety zone for a public or private elementary or secondary school.
- 446 (3) 'School safety zone' means in or on any real property or building owned by or leased
- 447 to any public or private elementary or secondary school or local board of education and
- 448 <u>used for elementary or secondary education.</u>
- (4) 'Weapon' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code Section 16-11-127.1.
- 450 (b) A local board of education shall approve personnel to possess or carry weapons as
- provided in paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of Code Section 16-11-127.1 if such board has
- 452 <u>adopted and implemented a policy which provides for:</u>
- (1) Sufficient training of approved personnel prior to authorizing such personnel to carry
- weapons. The training shall at a minimum include training on judgment pistol shooting,
- 455 <u>marksmanship</u>, and a review of current laws relating to the use of force for the defense
- of self and others; provided, however, that the local board of education training policy
- 457 may substitute for certain training requirements the personnel's prior military or law

458 enforcement service if the approved personnel has previously served as a certified law enforcement officer or has had military service which involved similar weapons training; 459 460 (2) An approved list of the types of weapons and ammunition and the quantity of 461 weapons and ammunition authorized to be possessed or carried; 462 (3) The exclusion from approval of any personnel who has had an employment or other 463 history indicating any type of mental or emotional instability as determined by the local 464 board of education; and 465 (4) A mandatory method of securing weapons which shall include at a minimum a 466 requirement that the weapon, if permitted to be carried concealed by personnel, shall be 467 carried in a holster on the person and not in a purse, briefcase, bag, or similar other 468 accessary which is not secured on the body of the person and, if maintained separate from 469 the person, shall be maintained in a secured lock safe or similar lock box that cannot be 470 easily accessed by students. 471 (c) Any personnel selected to possess or carry weapons within a school safety zone, at a 472 school function, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school shall be a license 473 holder, and the local board of education shall be responsible for conducting a criminal 474 history background check of such personnel annually to determine whether such personnel 475 remains qualified to be a license holder. 476 (d) The selection of approved personnel to possess or carry a weapon within a school 477 safety zone, at a school function, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school 478 shall be done strictly on a voluntary basis. No personnel shall be required to possess or 479 carry a weapon within a school safety zone, at a school function, or on a bus or other 480 transportation furnished by a school and shall not be terminated or otherwise retaliated 481 against for refusing to possess or carry a weapon. 482 (e) The local board of education shall be responsible for any costs associated with 483 approving personnel to carry or possess weapons within a school safety zone, at a school 484 function, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school; provided, however, that 485 nothing contained in this Code section shall prohibit any approved personnel from paying 486 for part or all of such costs or using any other funding mechanism available, including 487 donations or grants from private persons or entities. 488 (f) Documents and meetings pertaining to personnel approved to carry or possess weapons 489 within a school safety zone, at a school function, or on a bus or other transportation 490 furnished by a school shall be considered employment and public safety security records and shall not be exempt from disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50. 491 492 (g) This Code section shall not be construed to require or otherwise mandate that any local 493 board of education or school administrator adopt or implement a practice or program for 494 the approval of personnel to possess or carry weapons within a school safety zone, at a

school function, or on a bus or other transportation furnished by a school nor shall this
 Code section create any liability for adopting or declining to adopt such practice or
 program. Such decision shall rest with each individual local board of education.

- 498 <u>16-11-130.2.</u>
- 499 (a) No person shall enter the restricted access area of a commercial service airport, in or
- beyond the airport security screening checkpoint, knowingly possessing or knowingly
- 501 <u>having under his or her control a weapon or long gun.</u> Such area shall not include an
- 502 <u>airport drive, general parking area, walkway, or shops and areas of the terminal that are</u>
- outside the screening checkpoint and that are normally open to unscreened passengers or
- 504 <u>visitors to the airport.</u> Any restricted access area shall be clearly indicated by prominent
- signs indicating that weapons are prohibited in such area.
- 506 (b) A person who violates this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; provided,
- 507 <u>however, that a person who violates this Code section with the intent to commit a separate</u>
- 508 <u>felony offense shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished</u>
- by a fine of not less than \$1,000.00 nor more than \$15,000.00, imprisonment for not less
- 510 than one nor more than ten years, or both.
- 511 (c) Any ordinance, resolution, regulation, or policy of any county, municipality, or other
- 512 political subdivision of this state which is in conflict with this Code section shall be null,
- 513 void, and of no force and effect and this Code section shall preempt any such ordinance,
- 514 <u>resolution, regulation, or policy."</u>

515 **SECTION 1-8.**

- 516 Said article is further amended by revising subsections (a) and (b) of Code Section
- 517 16-11-173, relating to legislative findings and preemption of local regulation and lawsuits,
- and by adding a new subsection to read as follows:
- 519 "(a)(1) It is declared by the General Assembly that the regulation of firearms and other
- weapons is properly an issue of general, state-wide concern.
- 521 (2) The General Assembly further declares that the lawful design, marketing,
- manufacture, and sale of firearms and ammunition and other weapons to the public is not
- unreasonably dangerous activity and does not constitute a nuisance per se.
- (b)(1) No county or municipal corporation, by zoning or by ordinance, resolution, or
- other enactment, nor any agency, board, department, commission, or authority of this
- 526 <u>state, other than the General Assembly, by rule, regulation, or other enactment</u> shall
- regulate in any manner gun shows; the possession, ownership, transport, carrying,
- transfer, sale, purchase, licensing, or registration of firearms or other weapons or

components of firearms <u>or other weapons</u>; firearms dealers <u>or dealers of other weapons</u>; or dealers in <u>firearms</u> components <u>of firearms</u> or <u>other weapons</u>.

(2) The authority to bring suit and right to recover against any <u>weapons</u>, firearms, or ammunition manufacturer, trade association, or dealer by or on behalf of any governmental unit created by or pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly or the Constitution, or any department, agency, or authority thereof, for damages, abatement, or injunctive relief resulting from or relating to the lawful design, manufacture, marketing, or sale of <u>weapons</u>, firearms, or ammunition to the public shall be reserved exclusively to the state. This paragraph shall not prohibit a political subdivision or local government authority from bringing an action against a <u>weapons</u>, firearms, or ammunition manufacturer or dealer for breach of contract or express warranty as to <u>weapons</u>, firearms, or ammunition purchased by the political subdivision or local government authority."

"(f) As used in this Code section, the term 'weapon' shall have the same meaning as set forth in Code Section 16-11-127.1."

544 PART II

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SECTION 2-1.

Code Section 16-12-1 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to contributing to the delinquency, unruliness, or deprivation of a minor, is amended by revising paragraph (5) of subsection (b) as follows:

"(5) Knowingly and willfully provides to a minor any weapon as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Code Section 16-11-127.1 or any weapon as defined in Code Section 16-11-121 to commit any felony which encompasses force or violence as an element of the offense or delinquent act which would constitute a felony which encompasses force or violence as an element of the offense if committed by an adult; or"

554 PART III
 555 SECTION 3-1.

556 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.